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QUESTION & ANSWER

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Exam : **C2090-312**

Title : IBM DB2 11 DBA for z/OS

Version : DEMO

1.Given this statement:

RUNSTATS TABLESPACE DB1 TS1 RESET ACCESSPATH HISTORY ACCESSPATH

Which statement is FALSE?

A. It resets all real-time statistics (RTS) for DB1TS1.

B. It resets all access path statistics for DB1TS1 in the catalog.

C. It invalidates the dynamic statement cache for table space DB1TS1.

D. It externalizes current access paths statistics for DB1 TS1 to HIST catalog tables.

Answer: C

2.What is the least disruptive way of externalizing real-time statistics for table space DB1TS1?

A. -SET LOG LOGLOAD(O)

B. -DISPLAY DB(DB1)SPACENAM(TS1)

C. RUNSTATS TABLESPACE DB1TS1

D. -ACCESS DB(DB1) SPACENAM(TSI) MODE(STATS)

Answer: C

3.Which statement is true for data in columns defined with data type XML?

A. Data stored in XML columns cannot be indexed.

B. It is possible to define the XML column with an INLINEJ.ENGTH.

C. You can partially UPDATE, DELETE from, and INSERT into an XML document.

D. If you want to change an existing XML document, you have to replace the whole document in the XML column.

Answer: C

4.Assuming you are the SYSADM, what is the effect of executing the EXPLAIN STMTCACHE ALL statement?

A. The table DSN_STATEMENT_CACHE_TABLE table contains a row for each SQL statement in the Local Dynamic Statement Cache.

B. The PLAN_TABLE contains the access path of each SQL statement in the Local Dynamic Statement Cache.

C. The PLAN_TABLE contains the access path of each SQL statement in the Global Dynamic Statement Cache.

D. The table DSN_STATEMENT_CACHE_TABLE table contains a row for each SQL statement in the Global Dynamic Statement Cache.

Answer: D

5.Which two options can be specified in order to access a system-period temporal table for a specific point in time guaranteeing accurate results?

A. A period-specification placed in the FROM clause of a subselect.

B. A period-specification placed in the WHERE clause of a subselect

C. A SELECT statement predicate against the transaction start ID of the base table.

D. A predicate against the start and end columns of the base table placed in the WHERE clause of a subselect.

E. A SET of the CURRENT TEMPORAL SYSTEM_TIME special register to a non-null value prior to a

SELECT against the temporal table.

Answer: C,E